

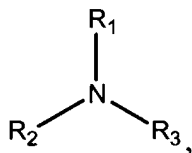
Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (currently amended) A method for ~~reducing~~preventing water and gas migration flows during the cementing of a borehole which penetrates a subterranean formation wherein the temperature of said formation is in the range of from about 40°F to about ~~100~~75°F, said method comprising forming a slurry of hydraulic cement in water, ~~said slurry having increased gel strength development, a reduced gel time and a density ranging between 0.9 and 3g/cm³,~~ placing said slurry in said borehole adjacent said formation and permitting said slurry to set in said borehole; and wherein said slurry is comprised of water, hydraulic cement, a dispersant, and a set-accelerating admixture comprising an alkali or alkaline earth metal nitrate and an alkali or alkaline earth metal nitrite, and wherein said slurry is not foamed the slurry has a transition time from 100 to 500 lbf/100ft² of up to about 90 minutes.
2. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein said set-accelerating admixture comprises calcium nitrate and calcium nitrite salts in a weight ratio of from about 1:3 to about 3:1.
3. (previously presented) The method of claim 2, wherein said set-accelerating admixture comprises calcium nitrate and calcium nitrite salts in a weight ratio of about 1:1.
4. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein said set-accelerating admixture further comprise glycols.
5. (previously presented) The method of claim 4, wherein said glycols are C2 to C6 aliphatic di- or tri-hydric glycols.
6. (original) The method of claim 5, wherein said glycol is diethylene glycol.
7. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein said set-accelerating admixture further comprise alkanolamines.

8. (original) The method of claim 7, wherein said alkanolamines are selected from the group consisting of compounds having the formula:



where R1 and R2 are hydroxyalkyl groups in C1-C4, and R3 is a C1-C5 alkyl groups.

9. (original) The method of claim 8, wherein said alkanolamine is selected from the group consisting of methyl and ethyl diethanolamine
10. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein said set-accelerating admixture consists of calcium nitrate, calcium nitrite, diethylene glycol, methyldiethanolamine and calcium bromide in a proportion of 42:42:10:3:3 by weight in water, with a solid content between 45 and 50%.
11. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein said set-accelerating admixture is added to the cement composition in an amount that provides a total salt in the range of about 3 to about 20g per kg of cement.
12. (original) The method of claim 10, wherein said set-accelerating admixture is added to the cement composition at a concentration of about 4 to about 45 cm³ per kg of cement.
13. (canceled)
14. (currently amended) A method for ~~reducing~~preventing water and gas migration flows during the cementing of a borehole_which penetrates a subterranean formation wherein the temperature of said formation is in the range of about 40°F to about ~~100~~75°F, said method comprising forming a slurry of hydraulic cement in water, said slurry having increased gel strength development, a reduced gel time and a density ranging between 0.9 and 3g/cm³, placing said slurry in said borehole adjacent said formation and permitting said slurry to set in said borehole; and wherein said slurry is comprised of water, hydraulic cement, a dispersant, and a set-accelerating mixture comprising an alkali or alkaline earth metal nitrate and an alkali

or alkaline earth metal nitrite, wherein said slurry further comprises at least one additives selected from the group consisting of fluid loss control additives, and gas migration control additives ~~and dispersants~~, wherein the slurry has a transition time from 100 to 500 lbf/100ft² of up to about 90 minutes.

15. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein the setting temperature is in the range 40°F to 70°F.
16. (previously presented) The method of claim 14, wherein said set-accelerating admixture consists of calcium nitrate, calcium nitrite, diethylene glycol, methyldiethanolamine and calcium bromide in a proportion of 42:42:10:3:3 by weight in water, with a solid content between 45 and 50%.
17. (previously presented) The method of claim 16, wherein said set-accelerating admixture is added to the cement composition at a concentration of about 4 to about 45 cm³ per kg of cement.
18. (previously presented) The method of claim 14 wherein said slurry comprises a fluid loss control agent and a dispersing agent.
19. (previously presented) The method of claim 14 wherein said slurry further comprising sized particulates.
20. (currently amended) A method for ~~reducing~~preventing water and gas migration ~~flows~~ during the cementing of a borehole which penetrates a subterranean formation wherein the temperature of said formation is in the range of from about 40°F to about ~~100~~75°F, said method comprising forming a slurry of hydraulic cement in water, ~~said slurry having increased gel strength development, a reduced gel time and a density ranging between 0.9 and 3 g/cm³,~~ placing said slurry in said borehole adjacent said formation and permitting said slurry to set in said borehole; and wherein said slurry is comprised of water, hydraulic cement, a dispersant, a set-accelerating admixture comprising an alkali or alkaline earth metal nitrate and an alkali or alkaline earth metal nitrite, and sized particulates, wherein the slurry has a transition time from 100 to 500 lbf/100ft² of up to about 90 minutes.